Бучацький ліцей

Урок на тему:

«Around the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.»

Підготувала

вчитель англійської мови

Тилятинська Н. М.

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Theme. Around the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Objectives: to get to know some new information about the UK; to activate students’ vocabulary on the topic; to stimulate students to know more about the UK; to improve students’ language skills using various forms of work; to develop thinking, imagination and creativity

Procedure

1. The beginning of the lesson.
2. Greeting.

Good morning, children. How are you? I am glad to see you today.

1. Introduction the theme and aims.

The theme of our today’s lesson is "Around the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland". We’ll speak about the geographical position of the UK, cities and some other aspects of the country. By the end of the lesson we’ll be able to speak about four parts of the UK, we’ll develop our listening, writing, reading and speaking skills. You are divided into four groups: each group will represent its part of the UK.

1. Warming up.

Imagine the situation. You are English pupils and I am from Ukraine. I want to know some information about this country. You should help me. Answer my questions:

- What is the full name of your country?

- How many parts does the UK consist of? What are they? Show them on the map.

- How many parts does Great Britain consist of?

- What river does London stand on?

- Is the UK a European country?

- What is the name of the British flag?

- What is the official language of the UK?

- What can you say about the climate of Great Britain?

2. The main part of the lesson.

1. Speaking.

At home you had to learn some information about the UK.

So, who would like to speak on.

2.Listening.

Let’s come to another stage of the lesson. Listen to some information and fill in the gaps.

(video)

1. The UK means England, Scotland, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Northern Ireland. (Wales)
2. The population of Britain is over \_\_\_\_ million.(58)
3. Seven million people live in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (London)
4. The Prime Minister lives at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (10 Downing Street)
5. The Head of State is the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Queen)
6. The Queen lives in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Buckingham Palace)

2 part (video)

True or False

1. Edinburgh is the capital of Scotland.
2. Stratford-upon-Avon is the birthplace of Robert Burns.
3. Liverpool was a very important port.
4. London is the home of the Beatles.
5. Oxford is famous for its castle.
6. In Oxford and Cambridge people travel around by bike.

3.Group work.

Each group is suggested to speak on and to show their presentations.

England

England is one of the four countries which make up the United Kingdom. To the west of England is Wales and to the north is Scotland. All three countries are on the island of Great Britain and are part of the UK.

About 54.8 million people live in England (2015 estimate). The capital city of England is London, which is also the biggest city in the country. Other large cities in England include Birmingham, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, and Leeds.

The English flag is white, with a red cross. This cross is the cross of Saint George, who is the patron saint of England. Some other symbols used for England are a red rose and three lions.

Wales

Wales (/ˈweɪlz/ (About this sound listen); Welsh: Cymru) is a country on the island of Great Britain. It is one of the four countries that make up the United Kingdom. It is to the west of England, and east of the Irish Sea and Ireland.

Wales is one of the six Celtic nations.[5] The native people of Wales, the Welsh, have their own culture and traditions. They have their own Celtic language, Welsh. Although not all Welsh people can speak Welsh, it is a real living language for about 20% of Welsh people. Nearly all Welsh people can speak English. Some of them speak only English. The Welsh language has official status in Wales, even though the majority of the citizens speak English.

Three million people live in Wales. Most of them live in the southern and eastern parts of the country. In this area is the capital and largest city of Wales, Cardiff, and the next largest city, Swansea.

Scotland

Scotland (Scottish Gaelic: Alba) is a constituent country in the north-west part of Europe, and is one of the four countries that make up the United Kingdom. It is the northern half of the island of Great Britain, with a population of about five million. To the south of Scotland is the border with England. Scotland has coasts on the North Sea to the east, the Atlantic Ocean to the west and the Irish Sea to the south-west.

Scotland was once an independent country and had its own monarch, but is now in a union with England, Wales and Northern Ireland, which we now call the United Kingdom. In 1603, the King of Scotland, James VI, became King of England too, because Queen Elizabeth I of England died. In 1707, the parliament of Scotland joined with the parliament of England to become the Parliament of Great Britain.

The Flag of Scotland is blue with a white diagonal cross. This is the cross of Saint Andrew, who is the patron saint of Scotland. Some other symbols used for Scotland are a thistle, and a lion rampant.

The capital city of Scotland is Edinburgh on the east coast, but the biggest city is Glasgow on the west coast. Other cities in Scotland are Aberdeen, Dundee, Inverness, Perth and Stirling.

Northern Ireland

. Northern Ireland is a constituent country of the United Kingdom.

The whole island of Ireland used to be a kingdom, called the Kingdom of Ireland. But after the Act of Union in the year 1800, it became part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. This stayed until 1922, after a civil war, when Ireland was divided into the Republic of Ireland, the sovereign state that takes up the southern part of the island, and Northern Ireland, which chose to stay as part of the UK.

About 1.8 million people live in Northern Ireland, and the capital and largest city is Belfast.

Sometimes people use other names for Northern Ireland. Some call it Ulster, even though some parts of Ulster are actually in the Republic of Ireland. Others call it "the North" or "the Six Counties", because they do not want to recognise that a part of the island of Ireland is not independent and is actually in the United Kingdom. Northern Ireland is the smallest part of the United Kingdom at 5,345 sq mi.

4.Guide practice.

Arrange the information given below under the proper heading.

England

Scotland

Wales

Northern Ireland

1. To the north there are higher lands and mountains, so this territory is called the highlands.
2. It is one of the cleanest regions of the UK. Its main city is Belfast.
3. Cardiff is a big port and the capital of the region.
4. Cambridge and Oxford, famous for their universities, are in this part of Great Britain.
5. Shipbuilding, textile and chemicals industries are centered in Belfast and Londonderry, the other parts are agricultural.
6. The region is known as the Land of Songs.
7. The region is famous for its lakes known as lochs.
8. London, the capital of the UK, stands on the river Thames.
9. The highest mountain in Great Britain, Ben Nevis, is in this part of the country.
10. This part of the UK is situated in the northeastern part of Ireland.
11. There is a dragon on the flag of this country.
12. In this country people are crazy about gardening.
13. In this country you may see different shades and tones of green.
14. In this country men wear skirts called the kilts.
15. The symbol of this country is red rose.

5.Listening

Listen to two people and complete the gaps in the texts below.

1.I’m a teacher in a big city in\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ireland with two \_\_\_\_\_. It’s called Londonderry and Derry. In the past there were problems between \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who wanted to be British and people who wanted to be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but it’s better now. I say I’m Northern Irish.

2.I live with my mum and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Birmingham, in England. My mum’s from Yorkshire. She’s very funny but has a different accent to me. We often visit my mum’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Leeds. My grandparents were born in Jamaica, in Caribbean, and came here to \_\_\_\_\_\_. My dad says he’s British but my mum says she’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I say I’m black British.

3.Finishing of the lesson.

1. Summing up

Dear children! Today we have spoken a lot about the UK. You worked hard and I’m satisfied with your answers. I am going to give you only good and excellent marks. While our lesson we were developing our listening, speaking, reading and writing skills. Thank you very much.

1. Homework

Make a leaflet of your part of the UK.